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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/759,773 01/14/2004		Alan G. Bishop	MS1-1807US 8136	
22801 LEE & HAYES	7590 02/27/2007 S PLLC	EXAMINER		
421 W RIVERS	SIDE AVENUE SUITE :	JANAKIRAMAN, NITHYA		
SPOKANE, W.	A 99201	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		2123		
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SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MO	NTHS	02/27/2007	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

lhptoms@leehayes.com

		Арр	lication No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/	759,773	BISHOP ET AL.	BISHOP ET AL.			
		Exa	miner	Art Unit				
			ya Janakiraman	2123				
The MAI	LING DATE of this commun	ication appears	on the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	ddress			
A SHORTENED WHICHEVER IS - Extensions of time I after SIX (6) MONT - If NO period for rep - Failure to reply with Any reply received	STATUTORY PERIOD FOR SECTION OF S	AILING DATE (of 37 CFR 1.136(a). I nunication. atutory period will appli will, by statute, cause	OF THIS COMMUN n no event, however, may y and will expire SIX (6) Months the application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠ Responsi	ve to communication(s) file	d on <u>30 N</u> ovem	<u>ber 2006</u> .					
2a)⊠ This actio		2b)∐ This actio						
3) Since this	application is in condition	for allowance e	xcept for formal ma	atters, prosecution as to th	e merits is			
closed in	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4) Claim(s)	1-8 and 10-36 is/are pendir	ng in the applica	ition.		•			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.	•			•			
6)⊠ Claim(s)	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 10-36</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s)	is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s)	are subject to restric	tion and/or elec	tion requirement.					
Application Paper	s	•	•					
9) The specif	fication is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawi	ng(s) filed on <u>14 January 2</u>	<u>004</u> is/are: a)∑	accepted or b)	objected to by the Examir	ner.			
Applicant r	may not request that any obje	ction to the drawi	ng(s) be held in abey	vance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 l	J.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
1. ☐ Ce								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.								
	erson's Patent Drawing Review (F osure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	_	of Informal Patent Application					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:								

DETAILED ACTION

The amendment filed on 11/30/2006 has been received and considered. Claims 1-8 and 10-36 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 1. Claims 1-5 are rejected by 35 U.S.C. 101 as they are directed towards non-statutory subject matter.
- 2. Regarding independent claim 1, a method emulating an operation, and permitting access to memory are not sufficient to be statutory subject matter. As there is no output, there is no useful, tangible, or concrete result. All depending claims are rejected as well.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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3. Claims 1-8 and 10-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent 5,073,968, Morrison (hereinafter Morrison), in view of US Patent 6,510,083, See et al. (hereinafter See).

- 4. Morrison teaches the execution of a device using emulated memory (see column 1, lines 6-12), but does not disclose removal of an identifier (claims 3 and 29), the use of table entries with a software program (claim 30), or means for inserting and copying a generation count (claim 35).
- 5. See teaches these elements in the way of a pointer field of parameter entries that store the parameter values to ensure that the latest version of the parameter stored can be accessed through the next pointer link (see column 9, lines 20-30).
- 6. Morrison and See are analogous art because they are both related to the field of memory emulation
- 7. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the See device with the Morrison device, motivated by the desire to more easily signal the occurrence of the incorrect memory access to memory, thereby increasing the probability of having an easily reproducible test case (see See, lines 65-67).
- 8. Regarding claim 1, Morrison and See teach:

A method comprising:

emulating an operation of a client (see Morrison figure 3); and

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permitting the emulated operation to access a contiguous portion of emulated memory only when a pointer used by the emulated operation and a table entry used to manage the emulated memory both contain the same identifier, wherein an address to the contiguous portion is contained in both the pointer and the table entry (see Morrison figure 6, "check for legal address ranges"; column 2, lines 35-41; column 6, lines 38-40) and

wherein the identifier is removed from the corresponding pointer to permit the access to the contiguous portion of emulated memory (see See column 9, lines 20-30).

9. Regarding claim 2 (26, 27, and 33), Morrison teaches:

The method as defined in Claim 1, wherein:

the table entry is in a table that contains a plurality of said table entries (see figure 4, "address selection");

each said table entry references an address of one said contiguous portion of the emulated memory(see figure 4, "address selection");

the pointer is one of a plurality of said pointers (see column 6, lines 27-49); and each said pointer contains the address of a respective said contiguous portion of the emulated memory (see column 6, lines 27-49); and

one said identifier corresponding to the respective said contiguous portion of the emulated memory (see figure 4).

10. Regarding claim 3 (24, 28, and 34), See teaches:

The method as defined in Claim 1, wherein the permitted access further comprises:

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when the permitted access is not a read or a write operation, identically changing the identifier in both of the corresponding pointer to contiguous portion of emulated memory and the corresponding table entry (see Abstract).

11. Regarding claim 4 (12, 20, 25, 31, and 36), Morrison teaches:

The method as defined in Claim 1, wherein the client is *selected from the group consisting of* (emphasis added):

- a personal computer (PC);
- a workstation;
- a Server;
- a set top box;
- a video game console;
- a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA);
- a cellular telephone;
- a handheld computing device; and
- a computing device having less memory and/or computing resources than that of another computing device executing an application that emulates the operation of the client (the Morrison device necessarily would require a computing device that had less memory than the device that was emulating it, in order to accomplish emulation).
- 12. Regarding claim 5 (13 and 21), Morrison teaches:

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A computer-readable medium comprising instructions that, when executed by a computer, performs the method of Claim 1 (a computer-readable medium would necessarily be needed in order to perform the functions of the Morrison device).

13. Regarding claim 6 (14, 22, and 32), Morrison and See teach:

A method comprising:

making a call to a memory manager for an emulated memory access operation to an allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory, wherein a generation count has been assigned to:

a plurality of table entries corresponding to a respective plurality of said allocated contiguous portions of emulated memory, and

a plurality of pointers each containing an address to a respective said allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory (see Morrison, columns 3 and 4); comparing the generation count:

in the pointer containing the address to the allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory (see Morrison, column 5, lines 54-62; column 6, lines 27-40); and in the table entry corresponding to the allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory (see Morrison, column 5, lines 54-62; column 6, lines 27-40); if the respective said generation counts in the comparison do not match, then outputting a diagnostic (see Morrison, figure 7; returning an error would necessarily require performing a diagnostic); and

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if the respective said generation counts in the comparison match, removing the generation count from the pointer specified by the memory manager for the emulated memory access operation during the performing of the emulated memory access operation for with the memory manager was called (see See, column 9, lines 20-30).

14. Regarding claim 7 (and 15), Morrison teaches:

The method as defined in Claim 6, further comprising:

performing the emulated memory access operation for which the memory manager was called when there is a match of the respective said generation counts (see column 6, lines 27-40); and

preventing the performance of the emulated memory access operation for which the memory manager was called when the respective said generation counts of the comparison do not match (see column 5, lines 54-62).

15. Regarding claim 8 (and 16), Morrison teaches:

The method as defined in Claim 7, further comprising, when there is a match and the emulated memory access operation is not a read or a write operation, incrementing the generation count in both:

the pointer containing the address to the allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory (see column 6, lines 27-40); and the table entry corresponding to the allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory

16. Regarding claim 10 (18 and 23), Morrison teaches:

(see figure 6).

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The method as defined in Claim 6, wherein the emulated memory access operation is

selected from the group consisting of (emphasis added):

a read operation;

a write operation;

a reallocation operation; and

an operation to free one or more of said allocated contiguous portions of emulated memory (see column 1).

17. Regarding claim 11 (and 19), Morrison teaches:

The method as defined in Claim 6, further comprising, prior to the making of the call: making a call to the memory manager for to allocate a contiguous portion of emulated

memory (see column 4, lines 7-17);

receiving one said pointer from the memory manager that contains the address of the

allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory (see column 6, lines 27-49);

performing the allocation of the contiguous portion of emulated memory; and inserting

the generation count (see column 3, lines 17-26):

in the:

the pointer containing the address to the one said allocated contiguous portion of

emulated memory (see column 5, lines 54-62); and

the plurality of table entries corresponding to the one said allocated contiguous portion

of emulated memory (see column 6, lines 27-40).

18. Regarding claim 29, See teaches:

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The first software program as defined in Claim 27, wherein the instructions further comprise removing the identifier from each said pointer prior to its use by the second software program (see Abstract).

19. Regarding claim 30, See teaches

The first software program as defined in Claim 27, wherein the instructions further comprise use of the table entries and identifiers with the first software program but not by the second software program (see column 3).

20. Regarding claim 35, Morrison and See teach:

The computer-readable medium as defined in Claim 34, further comprising: means, prior to an allocation of the previously allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory, for making a call to a memory manager for an allocation of the previously allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory (see rejection of claim 6); means for receiving the pointer from the memory manager that contains the address to the previously allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory (see rejection of claim 11);

means for performing the allocation of the previously allocated contiguous portion of emulated memory (see rejection of claim 11);

means for inserting the generation count in the table entry (see See, Abstract); and means for copying the generation count from the table entry to the pointer (see See, column 3).

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Response to Arguments

- 21. Applicant's arguments filed November 11, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 22. Applicant argues that claims 1-5 are statutory under 35 U.S.C. § 101. With regards to claim 1, simply emulating a client, and permitting access to memory is not sufficient to be considered statutory subject matter, as there is no tangible result. An output or similar consequence must be explicitly stated. Accessing a portion of memory does not constitute a real world application of the result of emulating an operation of a client (an abstract idea). Rejection maintained.
- 23. Applicant argues that claims 1-36 are patentable over Morrison and See.
- 24. Regarding claim 1, Applicant claims that neither Morrison nor See discloses removing the identifier "from the corresponding pointer to permit the access to the contiguous portion of the emulated memory". However, as See discloses "Meanwhile, the next pointer filed of the parameter entry that stores the then most recent version of parameter prior to the newer value is written to store the address of the parameter entry that stores the newer value of the parameter" (see column 9, lines 20-28). Inherently, rewriting the pointer field would necessarily require the removal of the original identifier. Next: "This ensures that the latest version of the parameter stored can be accessed through the net pointer link" (see column 9, lines 29-30). Thus, access is being permitted to the memory through use of the pointer. Similarly, the amendments of

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claims 6, 14, 22, 26, and 32 read on the concept of the amendment of claim 1. Rejections maintained.

Conclusion

25. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nithya Janakiraman whose telephone number is 571-270-1003. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 8:00am-5:00pm, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Rodriguez can be reached on (571)272-3753. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

NJ

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